

The Times.

RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1895.

VOL. 9—NEW SERIES, NO. 123.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

DAY OF FINANCIAL MATTERS.

Mr. Massey's Book Accounts a Subject of Investigation.

NOTHING OF INTEREST DEVELOPED.

Bookkeeper W. W. Gosden, of the Planters National Bank, of Richmond, on the Stand—Reporters are Warned by Judge Prentiss That False Reports May Subject Them to Prosecution for Contempt.

Starling Developments Talked of, But Not in Evidence, in the Massey-Pilot Lit- beth Suit.

NORFOLK, VA., July 2.—Special.—The eighth day of the great suit of Hon. John E. Massey, Superintendent of Public Instruction, against the Pilot Publishing Company, its Board of Directors, Rev. Sam W. Small, and Richard E. Byrd, was much more pleasant for the attorneys, witnesses, and reporters and the several hundred spectators, who made it a point to attend early and leave late.

The day opened with a bright sun and invigorating breeze, and the court-room was a pleasant lounging and working place compared to the previous days of this otherwise tedious and tiresome trial.

The proceedings of a greater part of today were comparatively dull. Mr. W. W. Gosden, bookkeeper of the Planters National Bank, of Richmond, with his books, was not a lively witness. There was nothing particularly interesting in the deposits and withdrawals of small sums of money by Mr. Massey. The crowd wants something a trifle more, and Mr. Gosden—excellent gentleman that he is—was voted a failure because he did not have an abundant stock of such, ready, clear-cut, and well-arranged facts among the lawyers, save Captain Wise and those on the other side connected with the case.

INDICATIONS BUT NOT EVIDENCE. That there will be some startling developments is predicted, which sides are weighted with a supply both in the hands of their correspondents does not diminish the expectations of the spectators who will be met in this particular. The trial will not be made by any means, but there will be no lack of interest and many stories to tell for those who expect police-court disclosures in a damaged Circuit Court.

When court opened tomorrow on both sides asked to be informed whether the court would sit on the Fourth of July, that being a legal holiday, and some of the jurymen were deadly opposed to leaving the courtroom on that day. There being no objection, Judge Prentiss announced that there would be no session of the court on that day.

Judge Neely arose and addressed the Court, stating that in Monday's report of the daily Pilot he had desired the Court to name the reporters of that paper that it was their duty to report the proceedings and the answers of witnesses on the stand with precision and accuracy.

Mr. Wise stated that he was requested to Mr. Gibbs, who was in court during the trial, to see that the matter of judgment against Mr. Massey and tendered in evidence the record of the decision of the Court of Appeals in the case of the tea-shops of stock that was given to him, and that his correspondence with his lawyer, Captain T. J. Askey, recurred to him, in which he placed the place known as "the tea-shops" in the name of John E. Massey and the tea-shops were the property of John E. Massey and subject to his control.

THE MASSEY JUDGEMENT. This incident brushed to one side, the court quickly got down to business and opened the trial on the matter of judgment against Mr. Massey and tendered in evidence the record of the decision of the Court of Appeals in the case of the tea-shops of stock that was given to him, and that his correspondence with his lawyer, Captain T. J. Askey, recurred to him, in which he placed the place known as "the tea-shops" in the name of John E. Massey and the tea-shops were the property of John E. Massey and subject to his control.

It is probable that argument before the jury will begin next Monday, if defense is not mistaken in believing all testimony will be given to-morrow night.

THE GOOD WORK CONTINUES. Other Business Firms Find They will Justify in Increasing Wages.

STAMFORD, CONN., July 2.—The Stamford Manufacturing Company, employing 1,000 hands, to-day announced that the wages of all its employees would be increased at once ten per cent.

WILMINGTON, DELA., July 2.—It is announced that, beginning July 5th, the wages of the men of the Diamond State Iron Company will be advanced ten per cent. About 100 men will be affected by the increase. The wages are now higher than they have been for a long time past.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC HOLD-UP. SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—A Southern Pacific passenger train was held up and robbed at 3 o'clock this morning by a party of bandits, probably in Coloma Creek Canyon, between Ashland and Grant's Pass. The robbers took jewelry, money, and other valuables from the passengers and seized the mail pouches, but failed in their efforts to break open the express cars.

The robbers escaped with the booty. The sheriff is now in pursuit, and a reward of \$500 has been offered for the apprehension of the犯人.

A stick of dynamite was found near the scene of the robbery. It is thought the robbers got about \$5,000.

A Young Delaware Woman Has a Sad Experience far From Home.

WILMINGTON, DELA., July 2.—Miss Nettie Dickey, of Stanton, who has just returned home, tells an interesting story of how she saw the world dressed as a man. Miss Dickey is a pretty girl, of twenty-six summers, tall, slender, and of a blondo complexion. She has wished to see the world, and the impulse grew upon her until she finally decided to leave home. On the afternoon of March 24th she slipped out of her home and went to the woodshed, a short distance in the rear. There she donned male attire and went to Newark, where she arrived in the evening.

There are eighteen pension agencies throughout the country, each employing from ten to forty clerks, whose aggregate salaries amount to \$45,000 per year.

MR. MASSEY'S BANK ACCOUNT. The question of the admissibility of the Massey account was opened temporarily, and permission given to put Mr. W. W. Gosden, bookkeeper of the Planters National Bank, on the stand.

Mr. Gosden, examined by Captain Wise, reported that he had drawn \$100 on the 25th April last. That sum was first deposited in the certificate of deposit account to the credit of Mr. Massey. No one could draw this deposit without Mr. Massey's endorsement. This account did not bear the name of Mr. Massey, but it was simply "Certificate of Deposit Account," and was drawn against by the holder of the certificate properly endorsed.

This account showed \$100 to Mr. Massey, and he could draw it off. It was here shown that the Planters Bank had failed to forward certain certificates of deposit which had been included in an order from the court, and the judge ordered that they be returned to him.

Mr. Gosden said that Mr. Massey deposited \$100 on April 26th and withdrew \$100. His next deposit was June 2d, and again on June 28th, \$100, making \$300 to the credit of the account. \$100 was surrendered on June 2d, and plaintiff drew out \$6,000, and got

a new certificate of deposit for the \$300. He had \$100 on his credit on the 25th of June. This sum he drew out by two checks of June 2d and June 26th.

His next three deposits were for \$50 each, and were drawn out by two checks on June 2d, and June 26th, preceding the account.

Captain Wise proceeded along this line by the testimony of Mr. Gosden.

Captain Wise took the witness through all the deposits made in checks drawn out in two days, showing first small deposits, quickly checked out, then good-sized deposits, sometimes deposited in the name of John E. Massey, and sometimes to the certificate of deposit account.

The cross-examination developed

nothing new or of general interest.

OTHER BOOK ACCOUNTS.

The deposition of C. D. Fishbourne, cashier of the Bank of Albemarle, was now read and offered. Captain Wise, cashier of the People's National Bank, of Charlottesville, Va.

Captain Wise's deposition showed that on April 2d, 1895, Mr. Martin, cashier in his bank, The master objected to it in deposition at a precise point of the trial was now taken up again by Captain Wise, who frequently referred to it as "a deposition that gave a deposition." Judge Prentiss directed its removal, to take effect at the beginning of the new fiscal year, July 1st. Professor Harrington was appointed by Secretary Root on 19th from the date of his resignation.

In his deposition he stated that he was a member of the faculty of Ann Arbor University, and had the influence of the professors from that State. There was an invitation into the board room of the Weather Bureau administration a year or more ago, and considerable talk at that time that Mr. Harrington's resignation would be acceptable, but it died away.

WHAT PROF. HARRINGTON SAID.

Professor Harrington himself stated that he had been made a member of the faculty of the University of Michigan.

"Among the public interests which I have had steadily in view were the preservation of the scientific corps, and the protection of the board of education, and the four-year-old-building plan at once less pressure and expense to Greenwood, at Mrs. Buchanan's request."

Mrs. Buchanan, No. 2, whom Buchanan was convinced of having killed by poison, is buried in the latter cemetery, and Mrs. Buchanan did not like the association.

Three carriages followed the body to the grave. One was occupied by Mrs. Buchanan and Lawyer Gibbons. The occupants of the other two carriages were not known, but it is assumed that they were friends of Mrs. Buchanan.

Lawyer Gibbons and a few of his friends will pay the expenses of the funeral.

Mr. Gibbons, a liberal Unionist, and their appointment was regarded as evidence of the friendliness of Mr. Buchanan to the Government.

Secretary Morton, when asked about

the removal of Professor Harrington this evening, said:

"I am not sure that property belongs to the White House. Professor Harrington's name is on the title-deeds of the house, and the transfer of the house to the government will be delayed until the new fiscal year begins."

Captain Wise said: "All right, we will get it in another place." There was no objection to continuing witnesses. Captain Wise stated that the defendants hoped to get through offering their testimony to the jury, so that the judge, the plaintiff's counsel, would meet the jury on Friday next, and asked that they be notified.

MASSEY'S PROPERTY.

Captain Wise again took up the deposition and read from that of the treasurer of Charlottesville and the town government. That of the treasurer gave the value of Mr. Massey's property.

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